

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for interacting with multimedia files, comprising:
 receiving a portable storage medium (PSM) having multimedia files adapted to interact with data that corresponds with a media identification (MID) information;
 installing the PSM to a client readable medium (CRM) that transmits the MID information corresponding to the PSM to a host server that retrieves the data that corresponds with the MID, where the host server initializes a plurality of autonomous media objects (AMOs) using the data, where the host server renders a compound multimedia presentation while embedding the initialized AMOs;
 retrieving the compound multimedia presentation to the CRM; and
 interacting with the AMOs.
2. The method according to claim 1, further including:
 storing the data into a remote database.
3. The method according to claim 1, where the PSM is embedded with a program that links the CRM to the host server.
4. The method according to claim 1, where the PSM is embedded with a program that queries for user identification number to personalize the compound multimedia presentation.
5. The method according to claim 1, where the plurality of AMOs communicate with each other, where the plurality of AMOs include a mediator AMO that directs notification to other AMOs.
6. A method for accelerating the presentation of multimedia files, comprising:
 storing multimedia files in a portable storage medium (PSM) that is adapted to be read by a client readable medium (CRM), where the PSM has a media identification (MID) information;
 determining an address for the PSM in the CRM;
 communicating between the CRM and a host server that obtains data based on the media identification (MID) information; and
 initializing a plurality of autonomous media objects (AMOs) based on the data

corresponding to the MID information.

7. The method according to claim 6, further including:
transmitting the plurality of AMOs to the CRM; and
communicating between the plurality of AMOs and the host server.
8. The method according to claim 6, where the plurality of AMOs include a mediator AMO that has a directory of other AMOs within the plurality of AMOs.
9. The method according to claim 8, where each AMO includes a data within a method, where the data includes a note that responds to a matching notification from another AMO.
10. The method according to claim 9, where the plurality of AMOs include active AMOs that receive a notification, and if the notification corresponds to the note of an AMO within the plurality of AMOs, then parsing the notification to read the information contained in the notification and performing a function set forth in the notification.
11. The method according to claim 8, where the plurality of AMOs includes an observing AMO that recognizes an input, where if the input is detected then the observing AMO sends a notification to the mediator AMO that sends the notification to other AMOs to determine which AMOs are active, where the active AMOs with a note that matches the notification parse the notification.
12. A method for presenting multimedia files, comprising:
storing multimedia files in a portable storage medium (PSM) that is adapted to be read by a client readable medium (CRM);
obtaining a media identification (MID) information corresponding to the PSM;
communicating the MID information between the CRM and a host server that retrieves data that corresponds with the MID information from a database;
embedding portions of the data into an autonomous media object (AMO) through initialization of the AMO, where the AMO is adapted to integrate the multimedia files in the PSM, multimedia files on a network, and remote multimedia files, to generate a compound multimedia presentation.

13. A method for repurposing multimedia file, comprising:
 - including a sequence of data values to override embedded messages that are statically encoded within the multimedia files in a portable storage medium (PSM) so that the embedded message may be altered;
 - obtaining a statically embedded request within a multimedia file residing on a PSM;
 - obtaining a sequence of data values to override the embedded request;
 - substituting the sequence of data values for the statically embedded request by formatting a new sequence of data values;
 - assigning the new sequence of data values through a substitution component;
 - embedding an autonomous media object (AMO) into the substitution component;
 - transmitting the substitution component to a client readable medium where the PSM is located.
14. A method for controlling local media from a remote location, comprising:
 - embedding multimedia files in a portable storage medium (PSM), where the multimedia files include a first computer program;
 - communicating a media identification (MID) information corresponding to the PSM between a client readable medium (CRM) and a host server that is adapted to retrieve data stored in a database, where the data corresponds to the MID information;
 - parsing the data and embedding the result into an autonomous media object (AMO); and
 - exchanging messages between the CRM and the host server, where the host server is adapted to retrieve additional data corresponding to requests received from the CRM or multimedia files.
15. A method for displaying a sequence of events from multiple points of view, comprising:
 - creating multimedia files including multiple story sequences;
 - initializing at least one autonomous media objects (AMOs), where the AMOs contain instructions for extracting different parts of the multimedia files;
 - embedding the least one AMOs into a compound multimedia presentation; and
 - exhibiting the compound multimedia presentation on a display of a client readable medium (CRM);
 - communicating information between the at least one AMOs; and

inputting to alter progression of a story.

16. A method for securing requests made by multimedia files, comprising:
 - obtaining a embedded request within a multimedia file;
 - obtaining a sequence of data values to override the embedded request;
 - substituting the sequence of data values for the embedded request by formatting a new sequence of data values;
 - encoding the new sequence of data values using an algorithm to a produce new series of requests;
 - assigning the encoded requests through a substitution component;
 - embedding an autonomous media object (AMO) into the substitution component;
 - transmitting the substitution component to a client readable medium (CRM).
17. A multimedia system capable of providing faster access to multimedia files, comprising:
 - a portable storage medium (PSM) having local multimedia files adapted to interact with remote data that corresponds with a media identification (MID) information; and
 - a client readable medium (CRM) that is adapted to read the PSM and transmit the MID information to a host server that retrieves the remote data from a database that corresponds with the MID information, where the host server initializes a plurality of autonomous media objects (AMOs) using the remote data and embeds the AMOs into a compound multimedia presentation.
18. The multimedia system according to claim 17, where the compound multimedia presentation includes a first multimedia file and a second multimedia file.
19. The multimedia system according to claim 18, where the plurality of AMOs include a first AMO that has a first data within a first method, where the first data includes a first asset and a first location, where the first method includes a first display, where the first AMO using the first asset obtains the first multimedia file and using the first display causes the first multimedia file to appear on a monitor of the CRM at the first location.
20. The multimedia system according to claim 19, where the plurality of AMOs include a second AMO that has a second data within a second method, where the second data includes a second asset and a second location, where the second method includes a second display, where

the second AMO using the second asset obtains the second multimedia file and using the second display causes the second multimedia file to appear on the monitor of the CRM at the second location.

21. The multimedia system according to claim 20, where the first multimedia file is of a consumer product, and the second multimedia file is up-to-date pricing of the consumer product.

22. The multimedia system according to claim 17, further including a network between the CRM and the host server for communicating between each other.

23. A multimedia system capable of providing faster access to multimedia files, comprising:
a host server adapted to communicate with a client readable medium (CRM) that is capable of reading a portable storage medium (PSM) having local multimedia files adapted to interact with remote data that corresponds with a media identification (MID) information, where the host server initializes a plurality of autonomous media objects (AMOs) using the remote data and embeds the AMOs into a compound multimedia presentation.

24. The multimedia system according to claim 23, where the remote data is stored in a database.